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AMENDMENTS TO THE CLAIMS

1. (Original) A positive resist composition, comprising a resin component (A) that exhibits increased alkali solubility under action of acid, and an acid generator component (B) that generates acid on exposure, wherein

said component (A) comprises a silsesquioxane resin (A1) containing structural units (a1) represented by a general formula (I) shown below, structural units (a2) represented by a general formula (II) shown below, and structural units (a3) represented by a general formula (III) shown below:

(wherein, R¹ represents a straight-chain or branched alkylene group of 1 to 5 carbon atoms)

(wherein, R² represents a straight-chain or branched alkylene group of 1 to 5 carbon atoms, and R³ represents an acid dissociable, dissolution inhibiting group)

2. (Original) A positive resist composition according to claim 1, wherein a quantity of a combination of said structural units (a1) and (a2), relative to a combined total of all structural

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units within said component (A1), is at least 50 mol%, and a quantity of said structural units (a2), relative to said combination of said structural units (a1) and (a2), is at least 10 mol%.

3. **(Original)** A positive resist composition, comprising a resin component (A) that exhibits increased alkali solubility under action of acid, and an acid generator component (B) that generates acid on exposure, wherein

said component (A) comprises a silsesquioxane resin (A2) containing structural units (a1), represented by a general formula (I) shown below, and structural units (a2') represented by a general formula (II') shown below:

(wherein, R¹ represents a straight-chain or branched alkylene group of 1 to 5 carbon atoms)

$$\begin{array}{c|c}
R^{8} \\
0 \\
R^{6} \\
C \\
R^{7} \\
\hline
(SiO_{3/2})
\end{array}$$
...(II')

(wherein, R² represents a straight-chain or branched alkylene group of 1 to 5 carbon atoms, R⁶ represents an alkyl group of 1 to 5 carbon atoms, R⁷ represents either an alkyl group of 1 to 5 carbon atoms or a hydrogen atom, and R⁸ represents an alicyclic hydrocarbon group of 5 to 15 carbon atoms).

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4. (Original) A positive resist composition according to claim 3, wherein said component (A2) further comprises structural units (a3) represented by a general formula (III) shown below.

- 5. **(Original)** A positive resist composition according to claim 3, wherein a quantity of a combination of said structural units (a1) and (a2'), relative to a combined total of all structural units within said component (A), is at least 50 mol%, and a quantity of said structural units (a2'), relative to said combination of said structural units (a1) and (a2'), is at least 5 mol%, but no more than 50 mol%.
- 6. **(Previously presented)** A positive resist composition according to claim 1, further comprising a dissolution inhibitor (C) in addition to said component (A) and said component (B).
- 7. **(Previously presented)** A positive resist composition according to claim 1, wherein said positive resist composition is used for exposure with a KrF excimer laser or an electron beam.
- 8. **(Previously presented)** A positive resist composition according to claim 1, wherein said composition is used for forming a resist layer, either on top of a substrate and a magnetic film provided on top of said substrate, or on top of a metallic oxidation prevention film provided on top of said magnetic film.
- 9. **(Previously presented)** A resist laminate, comprising a lower organic layer and an upper resist layer laminated on top of a support, wherein

said lower organic layer is insoluble in alkali developing solution, but can by dry etched, and

said upper resist layer comprises a positive resist composition according to claim 1.

10. **(Original)** A resist laminate according to claim 9, wherein a thickness of said lower organic layer is within a range from 300 to 20,000 nm, and a thickness of said upper resist layer is within a range from 50 to 1,000 nm.

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11. (**Original**) A process for forming a resist pattern, comprising:

a laminate formation step of forming a resist laminate according to claim 9;

a first pattern formation step of conducting selective exposure of said resist laminate, performing post exposure baking (PEB), and conducting alkali developing to form a resist pattern (I) in said upper resist layer;

a second pattern formation step of conducting dry etching using said resist pattern (I) as a mask, thereby forming a resist pattern (II) in said lower organic layer; and

an etching step of conducting etching using said resist pattern (I) and said resist pattern (II) as a mask, thereby forming a fine pattern in said support.

- 12. (Original) A process for forming a resist pattern according to claim 11, wherein dry etching in said second pattern formation step is etching using an oxygen plasma.
- 13. (Original) A process for forming a resist pattern according to claim 11, wherein etching in said etching step is etching using a halogen-based gas.
- 14. (Original) A process for forming a resist pattern according to claim 11, further comprising, prior to said second pattern formation step, a step of providing a water-soluble resin coating comprising a water-soluble polymer on top of said resist pattern (I) and then conducting heating, thereby narrowing a spacing within said resist pattern (I).
- 15. (Original) A process for forming a resist pattern according to claim 14, wherein a material comprising structural units derived from at least one monomer which acts as a proton donor, and structural units derived from at least one monomer which acts as a proton acceptor is used as said water-soluble polymer.
- 16. (New) A positive resist composition according to claim 3, further comprising a dissolution inhibitor (C) in addition to said component (A) and said component (B).

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17. **(New)** A positive resist composition according to claim 3, wherein said positive resist composition is used for exposure with a KrF excimer laser or an electron beam.

- 18. (New) A positive resist composition according to claim 3, wherein said composition is used for forming a resist layer, either on top of a substrate and a magnetic film provided on top of said substrate, or on top of a metallic oxidation prevention film provided on top of said magnetic film.
- 19. (New) A resist laminate, comprising a lower organic layer and an upper resist layer laminated on top of a support, wherein

said lower organic layer is insoluble in alkali developing solution, but can by dry etched, and

said upper resist layer comprises a positive resist composition according to claim 3.